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> restart :
> with(SplittingLemma) :
> with(MiyakeReductionViaLP)
                                     [ExpPartsMiyakeReduction]
> with(RankReductionViaLP) :
> infolevel[MiyakeReductionViaLP] := 1 :

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(1)

## Example 1

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> A := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & x & 0 \\ 1 & -x^2 & x^2 & -x^2 \\ 0 & 1 & x^2 & 0 \\ x^2 & x^2 & 0 & -x^2 \end{bmatrix} : p := 4 :$$

> ExpPartsMiyakeReduction(A, 4, x, t)
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-2 : irregular singular V
fractional
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic is fractional 1/3
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic numbers time: 0.7e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic Numbers [-2/3 -1/3 0 0]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: LeadingMatrice not invertible with V
fractional : we prepare A0
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.7e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: DetA0 0.
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: NullSpace 0.4e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Gauss elimination 0.1e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.6e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Miyake decomposition prepareA0 time:
0.29e-1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We separate the nilpotent part and
recall for the two sub systmes
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: SplittingTdevelop time: .134
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-2 : irregular singular V
fractional
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic is fractional 1/3
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic numbers time: 0.7e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic Numbers [0 1/3 2/3]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: all eigenvalues are different from 0 [1
-1/2-((1/2)*I)*3^(1/2) -1/2+((1/2)*I)*3^(1/2)]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We ramified with c*x^3
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic after ramification 1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Compute Volevic numbers time: 0.7e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic Numbers [0 1 2]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Smart ramification x^3
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: with splitting the system after
ramification time: 0.80e-1

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ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = t^3
1/x^11+(1/3)/x^7-(1/3)/x^3] with ramification x = t^3
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = t
-1/x^2] with ramification x = t

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$$\left[ x = t^3, \frac{1}{x^{11}} + \frac{1}{3x^7} - \frac{1}{3x^3} \right], \left[ x = t, -\frac{1}{x^2} \right] \quad (1.1)$$

## Exemple 2

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> A :=

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$$\begin{bmatrix} x^5 & -x^3 & x^3 - 1 & -x^3 & -1 & -x^4 \\ 0 & 0 & x^2 - x & x^6 + x & x & -x \\ x^2 & x^6 - x^5 + x^2 & -x^3 & -x^3 + 1 & -x^4 & -x^5 + x^3 \\ 0 & 0 & x - 1 & x^6 + x^4 - x^3 & 1 & x^5 \\ 0 & x^2 & x^5 & -x^5 & -x^6 + x^3 & -x^2 \\ -x^4 & x^6 - x^4 + x & -x^4 & 1 & -x^2 & x^2 \end{bmatrix} :$$

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> ExpPartsMiyakeReduction(A, 7, x, t)

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ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1 : irregular singular V integer
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1-b: for all roots we split
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = t
RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^7-(1/2)*RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^6+(3/8)*RootOf(_Z^2+1)
/x^5+(1/2)/x^5-(5/16)*RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^4-(173/128)*RootOf
(_Z^2+1)/x^3-(399/256)*RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^2+(183/1024)*RootOf
(_Z^2+1)/x-2/x] with ramification x = t
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1 : irregular singular V integer
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1-b: for all roots we split
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = t
RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^6-RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^5+1/x^5-2*RootOf(_Z^2+1)
/x^4+2/x^4-6*RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x^3+21/x^3+(55/2)*RootOf(_Z^2+1)
/x^2+131/x^2+(1129/2)*RootOf(_Z^2+1)/x+721/x] with ramification
x = t
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-2 : irregular singular V
fractional
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic is fractional 1/2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic numbers time: 0.6e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic Numbers [-1/2 0]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: all eigenvalues are different from 0
[I*2^(1/2) -I*2^(1/2)]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We ramified with c*x^2

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ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic after ramification 1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Compute Volevic numbers time: 0.5e-2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic Numbers [0 1]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Smart ramification -2*x^2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: with splitting the system after
ramification time: 0.66e-1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = -2*t^2
-(1/32)/x^11+(1/32)/x^10+(3/32)/x^9-(5/32)/x^8-(25/64)/x^7+
(41/16)/x^6-(261/8)/x^4+(13057/256)/x^3+(2875/8)/x^2] with
ramification x = -2*t^2

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$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[ x = t, \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^7} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^6} + \frac{3}{8} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^5} + \frac{1}{2x^5} \right. \\
& - \frac{5}{16} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^4} - \frac{173}{128} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^3} - \frac{399}{256} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^2} \\
& + \left. \frac{183}{1024} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x} - \frac{2}{x} \right], \left[ x = t, \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^6} \right. \\
& - \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^5} + \frac{1}{x^5} - \frac{2 \text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^4} + \frac{2}{x^4} - \frac{6 \text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^3} \\
& + \left. \frac{21}{x^3} + \frac{55}{2} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x^2} + \frac{131}{x^2} + \frac{1129}{2} \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1)}{x} + \frac{721}{x} \right], \left[ x \right. \\
& = -2t^2, -\frac{1}{32x^{11}} + \frac{1}{32x^{10}} + \frac{3}{32x^9} - \frac{5}{32x^8} - \frac{25}{64x^7} + \frac{41}{16x^6} - \frac{261}{8x^4} \\
& \left. + \frac{13057}{256x^3} + \frac{2875}{8x^2} \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{2.1}$$

### Exemple 3

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> A := [[4x^3, 0, 1, 0, 0, -x^6 - 5x^4, 0, 0],
[-5x^4, -9x^5, 6x^2, 1 - 6x, -2x^2, 0, 0, 0],
[0, 1, -10x^2, -x^6 - 5x^5 + x^4, -2x^3, 10x, 0, 6x^5],
[0, 0, 2x^6, -x^2, 0, 0, -8x^3, -5x^4],
[-7x^3, -3x^4, 0, -4x^4 - 6x^2, 0, -6x^3, 0, 8x],
[-x^6 - 9x^5 + 1, 0, 0, 6x^6, -10x^4, 8x^3 + 1, 0, -x^6 + 8x^3],
[2x^6, 0, 0, x^3 + 1, 0, 7x^4, 0, -8x^2],
[-5x^5, 0, 0, 0, 0, -6x^4 + 10x^2, 0, 3x^4 - 10x]]:
>
> ExpPartsMiyakeReduction(A, 7, x, t)
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1 : irregular singular V integer
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1-b: for all roots we split

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ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part  $[x = t$   
 $1/x^7+10/x^6-200/x^5+6968/x^4-298725/x^3+14242192/x^2$   
 $-725038149/x]$  with ramification  $x = t$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-2 : irregular singular V  
 fractional  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic is fractional 1/2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic numbers time: 0.26e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic Numbers  $[-3/2 -1 -1/2 -1/2 0 0$   
 $0]$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: LeadingMatrice not invertible with V  
 fractional : we prepare A0  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.27e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: DetA0 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: NullSpace 0.3e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Gauss elimination 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.25e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: DetA0 0.  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: NullSpace 0.4e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Gauss elimination 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.22e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: DetA0 0.  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: NullSpace 0.2e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Gauss elimination 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.27e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: DetA0 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: NullSpace 0.2e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Gauss elimination 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.23e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: DetA0 0.  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: NullSpace 0.3e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Gauss elimination 0.1e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic 0.24e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Miyake decomposition prepareA0 time:  
 .296  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We separate the nilpotent part and  
 recall for the two sub systmes  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: SplittingTdevelop time: 2.515  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-2 : irregular singular V  
 fractional  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic is fractional 1/2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic numbers time: 0.7e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic Numbers  $[0 1/2]$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: all eigenvalues are different from 0  
 $[I*10^{(1/2)} -I*10^{(1/2)}]$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We ramified with  $c*x^2$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic after ramification 1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Compute Volevic numbers time: 0.7e-2  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic Numbers  $[0 1]$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Smart ramification  $-10*x^2$   
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: with splitting the system after  
 ramification time: 0.90e-1  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithm  
 ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part  $[x = -10*t^2$   
 $(1/1000000)/x^{13}-(1/200000)/x^{12}+(131/2000000)/x^{11}-(19/20000)$   
 $/x^{10}+(143239/8000000)/x^9-(69539/200000)/x^8+$   
 $(113459131/16000000)/x^7-(466768/3125)/x^6+$

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(82655665103/25600000)/x^5-(3560584523/50000)/x^4+
(408609419976357/256000000)/x^3-(1812600809291/50000)/x^2] with
ramification x = -10*t^2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1 : irregular singular V integer
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-1-b: for all roots we split
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = t
-10/x^6+(4/25)/x^5-(17311/12500)/x^4+(687971/3125000)/x^3+
(12315211171/78125000)/x^2-(843753113492397/390625000000)/x]
with ramification x = t
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Reduce the Poincare rank
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: case 2-2 : irregular singular V
fractional
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic is fractional 1/2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic numbers time: 0.11e-1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic Numbers [-1/2 0 1/2 1]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: all eigenvalues are different from 0 [
(2*I)*2^(1/2) -(2*I)*2^(1/2) (2/5)*10^(1/2) -(2/5)*10^(1/2)]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We ramified with c*x^2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Volevic after ramification 1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Compute Volevic numbers time: 0.12e-1
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Computing Volevic Numbers [0 1 2 3]
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: We flat the developpement
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Smart ramification -8*x^2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: with splitting the system after
ramification time: .174
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = -8*t^2
-(1/32768)/x^11+(1/196608)/x^10-(29/1769472)/x^9-
(66137/127401984)/x^8-(8799649/22932357120)/x^7-
(556575917/412782428160)/x^6+(27825936553/4953389137920)/x^5-
(2519093693257/222902511206400)/x^4-
(9706680792390541/32097961613721600)/x^3-
(49001457955856431/866644963570483200)/x^2] with ramification x
= -8*t^2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: Smart ramification (8/5)*x^2
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: with splitting the system after
ramification time: .171
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: a call of the algorithme
ExpPartsMiyakeReduction: we get an exponential part [x = (8/5)*
t^2 (3125/32768)/x^11-(3875/98304)/x^10+(528425/7077888)/x^9+
(171923293/637009920)/x^8-(254308345693/1146617856000)/x^7-
(161270312110441/257989017600000)/x^6+
(59660172017758747/154793410560000000)/x^5-
(12990039338482186199/3482851737600000000)/x^4+
(1421410099469277912836123/250765325107200000000000)/x^3-
(213078798250654103919264991/423166486118400000000000000)/x^2]
with ramification x = (8/5)*t^2

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$$\left[ x = t, \frac{1}{x^7} + \frac{10}{x^6} - \frac{200}{x^5} + \frac{6968}{x^4} - \frac{298725}{x^3} + \frac{14242192}{x^2} - \frac{725038149}{x} \right], \left[ x = \right. \tag{3.1}$$

$$-10t^2, \frac{1}{1000000x^{13}} - \frac{1}{200000x^{12}} + \frac{131}{2000000x^{11}} - \frac{19}{20000x^{10}} + \frac{143239}{8000000x^9}$$

$$- \frac{69539}{200000x^8} + \frac{113459131}{16000000x^7} - \frac{466768}{3125x^6} + \frac{82655665103}{25600000x^5} - \frac{3560584523}{50000x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{408609419976357}{256000000 x^3} - \frac{1812600809291}{50000 x^2} \Bigg], \left[ x = t, -\frac{10}{x^6} + \frac{4}{25 x^5} - \frac{17311}{12500 x^4} \right. \\
& + \frac{687971}{3125000 x^3} + \frac{12315211171}{78125000 x^2} - \frac{843753113492397}{390625000000 x} \Bigg], \left[ x = -8 t^2, -\frac{1}{32768 x^{11}} \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{196608 x^{10}} - \frac{29}{1769472 x^9} - \frac{66137}{127401984 x^8} - \frac{8799649}{22932357120 x^7} \\
& - \frac{556575917}{412782428160 x^6} + \frac{27825936553}{4953389137920 x^5} - \frac{2519093693257}{222902511206400 x^4} \\
& - \frac{9706680792390541}{32097961613721600 x^3} - \frac{49001457955856431}{866644963570483200 x^2} \Bigg], \left[ x = \frac{8}{5} t^2, \frac{3125}{32768 x^{11}} \right. \\
& - \frac{3875}{98304 x^{10}} + \frac{528425}{7077888 x^9} + \frac{171923293}{637009920 x^8} - \frac{254308345693}{1146617856000 x^7} \\
& - \frac{161270312110441}{257989017600000 x^6} + \frac{59660172017758747}{154793410560000000 x^5} - \frac{12990039338482186199}{3482851737600000000 x^4} \\
& + \left. \frac{1421410099469277912836123}{250765325107200000000000 x^3} - \frac{213078798250654103919264991}{4231664861184000000000000 x^2} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

[>